

#2631 Store at -20°C

Atg7 Antibody

✓ 100 µl
(10 western blots)

Orders ■ 877-616-CELL (2355)
orders@cellsignal.com
Support ■ 877-678-TECH (8324)
info@cellsignal.com
Web ■ www.cellsignal.com

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This product is intended for research purposes only. This product is not intended to be used for therapeutic or diagnostic purposes in humans or animals.

Entrez-Gene ID #10533
Swiss-Prot Acc. #O95352

Applications	Species Cross-Reactivity*	Molecular Wt.	Source
W Endogenous	H, M, R, (Mk)	78 kDa	Rabbit**

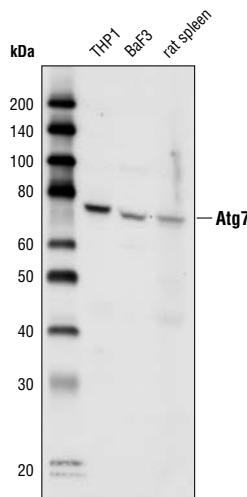
Background: Autophagy is a catabolic process for the autophagosomal-lysosomal degradation of bulk cytoplasmic contents (1,2). Autophagy is generally activated by conditions of nutrient deprivation but has also been associated with a number of physiological processes including development, differentiation, neurodegenerative diseases, infection and cancer (3). The molecular machinery of autophagy was largely discovered in yeast and referred to as autophagy-related (Atg) genes. Formation of the autophagosome involves a ubiquitin-like conjugation system in which Atg12 is covalently bound to Atg5 and targeted to autophagosomal vesicles (4-6). This conjugation reaction is mediated by the ubiquitin-E1-like enzyme Atg7 and the E2-like enzyme Atg10 (7,8).

Specificity/Sensitivity: Atg7 Antibody detects endogenous levels of total Atg7 protein.

Source/Purification: Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to the amino terminus of Atg7. Antibodies were purified by peptide affinity chromatography.

Background References:

- (1) Reggiori, F. and Klionsky, D.J. (2002) *Eukaryot Cell* 1, 11-21.
- (2) Codogno, P. and Meijer, A.J. (2005) *Cell Death Differ* 12 Suppl 2, 1509-18.
- (3) Levine, B. and Yuan, J. (2005) *J Clin Invest* 115, 2679-88.
- (4) Mizushima, N. et al. (1998) *J Biol Chem* 273, 33889-92.
- (5) Mizushima, N. et al. (1998) *Nature* 395, 395-8.
- (6) Suzuki, K. et al. (2001) *EMBO J* 20, 5971-81.
- (7) Tanida, I. et al. (1999) *Mol Biol Cell* 10, 1367-79.
- (8) Shintani, T. et al. (1999) *EMBO J* 18, 5234-41.



Western blot analysis of extracts from THP-1 and BaF3 cells and rat spleen using Atg7 Antibody.

Storage: Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at -20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

*Species cross-reactivity is determined by western blot.

**Anti-rabbit secondary antibodies must be used to detect this antibody.

Recommended Antibody Dilutions:

Western blotting 1:1000

For application specific protocols please see the web page for this product at www.cellsignal.com.

Please visit www.cellsignal.com for a complete listing of recommended companion products.

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween-20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key: W—Western IP—Immunoprecipitation IHC—Immunohistochemistry ChIP—Chromatin Immunoprecipitation IF—Immunofluorescence F—Flow cytometry E-P—ELISA-Peptide
Species Cross-Reactivity Key: H—human M—mouse R—rat Hm—hamster Mk—monkey Mi—mink C—chicken Dm—D. melanogaster X—Xenopus Z—zebrafish B—bovine
Dg—dog Pg—pig Sc—S. cerevisiae Ce—C. elegans Hr—Horse All—all species expected Species enclosed in parentheses are predicted to react based on 100% homology.