

#4180 Store at -20°C

Atg12 (D88H11) Rabbit mAb



✓ 100 µl
(10 western blots)

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This product is intended for research purposes only. This product is not intended to be used for therapeutic or diagnostic purposes in humans or animals.

Applications	Species Cross-Reactivity*	Molecular Wt.	Isotype
W, IP Endogenous	H, M, R, Mk	16, 55 kDa	Rabbit IgG**

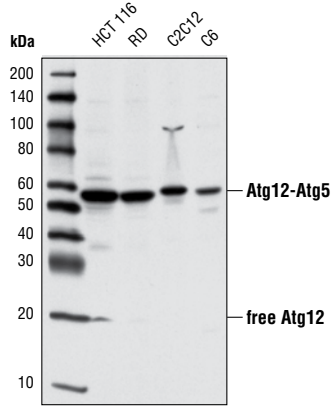
Background: Autophagy is a catabolic process for the autophagosomal-lysosomal degradation of bulk cytoplasmic contents (1,2). Autophagy is generally activated by conditions of nutrient deprivation but has also been associated with a number of physiological processes including development, differentiation, neurodegeneration, infection and cancer (3). The molecular machinery of autophagy was largely discovered in yeast and referred to as **autophagy**-related (Atg) genes. Formation of the autophagosome involves an ubiquitin-like conjugation system in which Atg12 is covalently bound to Atg5 and targeted to autophagosome vesicles (4-6). This conjugation reaction is mediated by the ubiquitin-E1-like enzyme Atg7 and the E2-like enzyme Atg10 (7,8).

Specificity/Sensitivity: Atg12 (D88H11) Rabbit mAb detects endogenous levels of total free and Atg5 bound Atg12 protein.

Source/Purification: Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Ser36 of human Atg12 protein.

Background References:

- (1) Reggiori, F. and Klionsky, D.J. (2002) *Eukaryot Cell* 1, 11-21.
- (2) Codogno, P. and Meijer, A.J. (2005) *Cell Death Differ* 12 Suppl 2, 1509-18.
- (3) Levine, B. and Yuan, J. (2005) *J Clin Invest* 115, 2679-88.
- (4) Mizushima, N. et al. (1998) *J Biol Chem* 273, 33889-92.
- (5) Mizushima, N. et al. (1998) *Nature* 395, 395-8.
- (6) Suzuki, K. et al. (2001) *EMBO J* 20, 5971-81.
- (7) Tanida, I. et al. (1999) *Mol Biol Cell* 10, 1367-79.
- (8) Shintani, T. et al. (1999) *EMBO J* 18, 5234-41.



Western blot analysis of extracts from various cell lines using Atg12 (D88H11) Rabbit mAb.

Entrez-Gene ID #9140
Swiss-Prot Acc. #O94817

Storage: Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at -20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

***Species cross-reactivity is determined by western blot.**
****Anti-rabbit secondary antibodies must be used to detect this antibody.**

Recommended Antibody Dilutions:

Western blotting	1:1000
Immunoprecipitation	1:100

For application specific protocols please see the web page for this product at www.cellsignal.com.

Please visit www.cellsignal.com for a complete listing of recommended companion products.

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween-20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

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Applications Key: W—Western IP—Immunoprecipitation IHC—Immunohistochemistry ChIP—Chromatin Immunoprecipitation IF—Immunofluorescence F—Flow cytometry E-P—ELISA—Peptide
Species Cross-Reactivity Key: H—human M—mouse R—rat Hm—hamster Mk—monkey Mi—mink C—chicken Dm—D. melanogaster X—Xenopus Z—zebrafish B—bovine
Dg—dog Pg—pig Sc—S. cerevisiae Ce—C. elegans Hr—horse All—all species expected Species enclosed in parentheses are predicted to react based on 100% homology.